

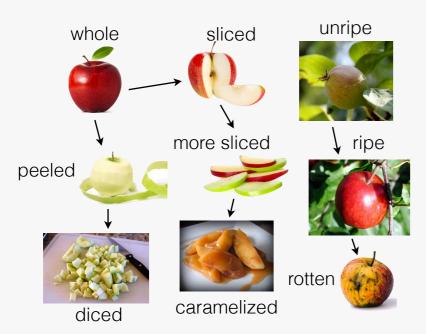
Discovering States and Transformations in Image Collections

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States and transformations

States and transformations describe physical variation within an object class.

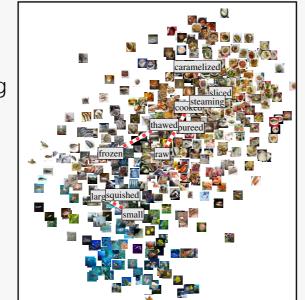


Dataset

Image collection for each noun, depicting physical state variation that noun can undergo.

249 Nouns 115 Adjectives 70k images

Input: Tomato



1. Identify states



2. Rank images by

transformations

Adjectives and antonyms

Narrow ⇔ Wide

Ancient ⇔ Modern

 $Curved \Leftrightarrow Straight$

We define a state as an adjective, and a transformation as a transition from a one adjective to its antonym.

Draped Loose ⇔ Tight Heavy ⇔ Lightweight Crumpled

> $Sunny \Leftrightarrow Foggy$ Murky ⇔ Clear $Sunny \Leftrightarrow Cloudy$ $Muddy \Leftrightarrow Dry$

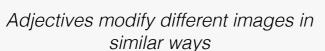
 $Unripe \Leftrightarrow Ripe$ Raw ⇔ Cooked

Burnt Mashed Pureed **Engraved** Broken



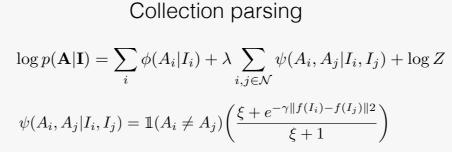


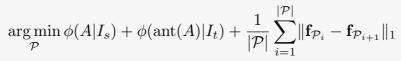
Tasks



Given a novel image class, we parse the intra-class variation into a set of states and transformations depicted in that photos of that class.

Never before seen image class





Using collection helps

Results

State and transformation discovery



Ranking images according to a transformation

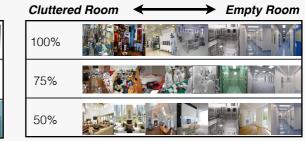


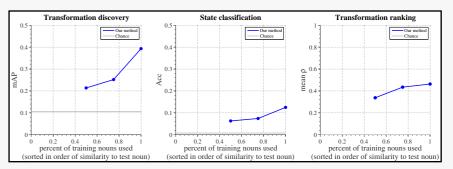
Antonyms pin down a meaningful dimension of variation

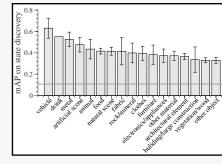


How well can the system generalize?









Crinkled

c.f. Beyond nouns: Exploiting prepositions and comparative adjectives for learning visual classifiers. Gupta & Davis, ECCV, 2008 Describing objects by their attributes, CVPR 2009 Relative Attributes. Parikh & Grauman, ICCV 2011

Constrained Semi-Supervised Learning using Attributes and Comparative Attributes. Shrivastava et al., ECCV 2012